

Table of Contents

AGATE, AGATES.....	3
ALABASTER.....	4
AMBER.....	5
AMETHYST.....	6
BDELLIUM.....	7
BERYL, BERYLS.....	8
CARBUNCLE, CARBUNCLES.....	10
CHALCEDONY.....	11
CHRYSOLETE.....	12
CHRYSOPRASUS.....	13
DIADEM.....	14
DIAMOND.....	15
EBONY.....	16
EMERALD, EMERALDS.....	17
GEMS, GEMSTONES.....	19
IVORY.....	20
JASPER.....	23
JEWEL, JEWELRY, JEWELS.....	25
LIGURE.....	32
ONYX.....	33
PEARL, PEARLS.....	38
RUBIES.....	41

SAPPHIRE, SAPPHIRES.....	42
SARDINE.....	45
SARDONYX.....	46
TOPAZ.....	47

AGATE, AGATES

The second stone in the third row of stones on the priestly breastplate was an **agate**.

- **Exodus 28:19:** "And the third row a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst."
- **Exodus 39:12:** "And the third row, a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst."

In the millennium, God will use **agates** for Israel's windows.

- **Isaiah 54:12:** "And I will make thy windows of agates, and thy gates of carbuncles, and all thy borders of pleasant stones."

In ancient times the merchants of Syria worked with **agates**.

- **Ezekiel 27:16:** "Syria was thy merchant by reason of the multitude of the wares of thy making: they occupied in thy fairs with emeralds, purple, and brodered work, and fine linen, and coral, and agate."

ALABASTER

In ancient times, precious ointment was sometimes placed in an **alabaster** box.

- **Matthew 26:7:** "There came unto him a woman having an alabaster box of very precious ointment, and poured it on his head, as he sat at meat."
- **Mark 14:3:** "And being in Bethany in the house of Simon the leper, as he sat at meat, there came a woman having an alabaster box of ointment of spikenard very precious; and she brake the box, and poured it on his head."
- **Luke 7:37-38:** "And, behold, a woman in the city, which was a sinner, when she knew that Jesus sat at meat in the Pharisee's house, brought an alabaster box of ointment, And stood at his feet behind him weeping, and began to wash his feet with tears, and did wipe them with the hairs of her head, and kissed his feet, and anointed them with the ointment."

AMBER

Ezekiel said that in the midst of the fire was the color of **amber**.

- **Ezekiel 1:4:** "And I looked, and, behold, a whirlwind came out of the north, a great cloud, and a fire infolding itself, and a brightness was about it, and out of the midst thereof as the colour of amber, out of the midst of the fire."

Ezekiel said that the top half of the being who sat on the throne was the color of **amber**.

- **Ezekiel 1:27:** "And I saw as the colour of amber, as the appearance of fire round about within it, from the appearance of his loins even upward, and from the appearance of his loins even downward, I saw as it were the appearance of fire, and it had brightness round about."

The upper portion of the being that Ezekiel saw had a bright appearance and was the color of **amber**.

- **Ezekiel 8:2:** "Then I beheld, and lo a likeness as the appearance of fire: from the appearance of his loins even downward, fire; and from his loins even upward, as the appearance of brightness, as the colour of amber."

AMETHYST

The third stone in the third row of stones on the priestly breastplate was an **amethyst** stone.

- **Exodus 28:19:** "And the third row a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst."
- **Exodus 39:12:** "And the third row, a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst."

The twelfth foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **amethyst**.

- **Revelation 21:20:** "The fifth, sardonyx; the sixth, sardius; the seventh, chrysolyte; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst."

BDELLIUM

Before the great Flood, the land of Havilah contained **bdellium**.

- **Genesis 2:11-12:** "The name of the first is Pison: that is it which compasseth the whole land of Havilah, where there is gold; And the gold of that land is good: there is bdellium and the onyx stone."

Manna was the color of **bdellium** (which ranges in color from light brown to dark brown).

- **Numbers 11:7:** "And the manna was as coriander seed, and the colour thereof as the colour of bdellium."

BERYL, BERYLS

The first stone in the fourth row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **beryl** stone.

- **Exodus 28:20:** "And the fourth row a beryl, and an onyx, and a jasper: they shall be set in gold in their inclosings."
- **Exodus 39:13:** "And the fourth row, a beryl, an onyx, and a jasper: they were inclosed in ouches of gold in their inclosings."

Solomon's lover compared his hands to gold rings set with **beryl**.

- **Song of Solomon 5:14:** "His hands are as gold rings set with the beryl: his belly is as bright ivory overlaid with sapphires."

The wheels that Ezekiel saw were the color of a **beryl**.

- **Ezekiel 1:16:** "The appearance of the wheels and their work was like unto the colour of a beryl: and they four had one likeness: and their appearance and their work was as it were a wheel in the middle of a wheel."
- **Ezekiel 10:9:** "And when I looked, behold the four wheels by the cherubims, one wheel by one cherub, and another wheel by another cherub: and the appearance of the wheels was as the colour of a beryl stone."

The king of Tyrus wore **beryl** stones. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

The body of the man who Daniel saw was like a beryl. (This seems to have been a preincarnate appearance of Jesus.)

- **Daniel 10:5-6:** "Then I lifted up mine eyes, and looked, and behold a certain man clothed in linen, whose loins were girded with fine gold of Uphaz: His body also was like the beryl, and his face as the appearance of lightning, and his eyes as lamps of fire, and his arms and his feet like in colour to polished brass, and the voice of his words like the voice of a multitude."

The eighth foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **beryl**.

- **Revelation 21:20:** "The fifth, sardonyx; the sixth, sardius; the seventh, chrysolite; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst."

CARBUNCLE, CARBUNCLES

The third stone in the first row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **carbuncle** stone.

- **Exodus 28:17:** "And thou shalt set in it settings of stones, even four rows of stones: the first row shall be a sardius, a topaz, and a carbuncle: this shall be the first row."
- **Exodus 39:10:** "And they set in it four rows of stones: the first row was a sardius, a topaz, and a carbuncle: this was the first row."

In the millennium, God will use **carbuncles** for Israel's gates.

- **Isaiah 54:12:** "And I will make thy windows of agates, and thy gates of carbuncles, and all thy borders of pleasant stones."

The king of Tyrus wore **carbuncle** stones. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

CHALCEDONY

The third foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **chalcedony**.

- **Revelation 21:19:** "And the foundations of the wall of the city were garnished with all manner of precious stones. The first foundation was jasper; the second, sapphire; the third, a chalcedony; the fourth, an emerald;"

CHRYSOLYTE

The seventh foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **chrysolyte**.

- **Revelation 21:20:** "The fifth, sardonyx; the sixth, sardius; the seventh, chrysolyte; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst."

CHRYSOPRASUS

The tenth foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **chrysoprasus**.

- **Revelation 21:20:** "The fifth, sardonyx; the sixth, sardius; the seventh, chrysolyte; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst."

DIADEM

Job said that in the past his judgment was like a **diadem**. (He seems to be saying that he was clothed in righteousness.)

- **Job 29:14:** "I put on righteousness, and it clothed me: my judgment was as a robe and a diadem."

In the millennium, God will be a **diadem** of beauty for the remnant of His people.

- **Isaiah 28:5:** "In that day shall the LORD of hosts be for a crown of glory, and for a diadem of beauty, unto the residue of his people,"

In the millennium, Jerusalem will be a royal **diadem** in the hand of God.

- **Isaiah 62:3:** "Thou shalt also be a crown of glory in the hand of the LORD, and a royal diadem in the hand of thy God."

God commanded that the **diadem** be removed from the wicked prince of Israel. (In other words, judgment was coming.)

- **Ezekiel 21:25-26:** "And thou, profane wicked prince of Israel, whose day is come, when iniquity shall have an end, Thus saith the Lord GOD; Remove the diadem, and take off the crown: this shall not be the same: exalt him that is low, and abase him that is high."

DIAMOND

The third stone in the second row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **diamond**.

- **Exodus 28:18:** "And the second row shall be an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond."
- **Exodus 39:11:** "And the second row, an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond."

In the ancient world, some pens had **diamond** tips.

- **Jeremiah 17:1:** "The sin of Judah is written with a pen of iron, and with the point of a diamond: it is graven upon the table of their heart, and upon the horns of your altars;"

The king of Tyrus wore **diamonds**. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

EBONY

The merchants of Dedan gave Tyrus gifts of **ebony**.

- **Ezekiel 27:15:** "The men of Dedan were thy merchants; many isles were the merchandise of thine hand: they brought thee for a present horns of ivory and ebony."

EMERALD, EMERALDS

The first stone in the second row of stones on the priestly breastplate was an **emerald**.

- **Exodus 28:18:** "And the second row shall be an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond."
- **Exodus 39:11:** "And the second row, an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond."

The merchants of Syria worked with **emeralds**.

- **Ezekiel 27:16:** "Syria was thy merchant by reason of the multitude of the wares of thy making: they occupied in thy fairs with emeralds, purple, and brodered work, and fine linen, and coral, and agate."

The king of Tyrus wore **emeralds**. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

There's an **emerald** rainbow around the throne in Heaven.

- **Revelation 4:3:** "And he that sat was to look upon like a jasper and a sardine stone: and there was a rainbow round about the throne, in sight like unto an emerald."

The fourth foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **emerald**.

- **Revelation 21:19:** "And the foundations of the wall of the city were garnished with all manner of precious stones. The first foundation was jasper; the second, sapphire; the third, a chalcedony; the fourth, an emerald;"

GEMS, GEMSTONES

Wisdom and understanding are to be prized above precious **gems**.

- **Proverbs 3:13, 15:** "Happy is the man that findeth wisdom, and the man that getteth understanding. ... She is more precious than rubies; and all the things thou canst desire are not to be compared unto her."
- **Proverbs 8:11:** "For wisdom is better than rubies; and all the things that may be desired are not to be compared to it."

The king of Tyrus wore nine different types of **gemstones**. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

Women should seek to adorn themselves with good works (which is much better than gold, pearls, or costly **gems**).

- **1 Timothy 2:9-10:** "In like manner also, that women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness and sobriety; not with broided hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array; But (which becometh women professing godliness) with good works."

IVORY

Solomon's large throne was made out of **ivory**.

- **1 Kings 10:18:** "Moreover the king made a great throne of ivory, and overlaid it with the best gold."
- **2 Chronicles 9:17:** "Moreover the king made a great throne of ivory, and overlaid it with pure gold."

Every three years the ships of Tarshish brought **ivory** to Solomon.

- **1 Kings 10:22:** "For the king had at sea a navy of Tarshish with the navy of Hiram: once in three years came the navy of Tarshish, bringing gold, and silver, ivory, and apes, and peacocks."
- **2 Chronicles 9:21:** "For the king's ships went to Tarshish with the servants of Hiram: every three years once came the ships of Tarshish bringing gold, and silver, ivory, and apes, and peacocks."

Ahab made an **ivory** house.

- **1 Kings 22:39:** "Now the rest of the acts of Ahab, and all that he did, and the ivory house which he made, and all the cities that he built, are they not written in the book of the chronicles of the kings of Israel?"

The psalmist said that the king lived in **ivory** palaces.

- **Psalms 45:8:** "All thy garments smell of myrrh, and aloes, and cassia, out of the ivory palaces, whereby they have

made thee glad."

Solomon's lover compared his belly to bright **ivory** overlaid with sapphires.

- **Song of Solomon 5:14:** "His hands are as gold rings set with the beryl: his belly is as bright ivory overlaid with sapphires."

Solomon compared his lover's neck to an **ivory** tower.

- **Song of Solomon 7:4:** "Thy neck is as a tower of ivory; thine eyes like the fishpools in Heshbon, by the gate of Bathrabbim: thy nose is as the tower of Lebanon which looketh toward Damascus."

In ancient times Chittim exported **ivory**.

- **Ezekiel 27:6:** "Of the oaks of Bashan have they made thine oars; the company of the Ashurites have made thy benches of ivory, brought out of the isles of Chittim."

The Ashurites created **ivory** benches for the ships of Tyrus.

- **Ezekiel 27:5-6:** "They have made all thy ship boards of fir trees of Senir: they have taken cedars from Lebanon to make masts for thee. Of the oaks of Bashan have they made thine oars; the company of the Ashurites have made thy benches of ivory, brought out of the isles of Chittim."

The merchants of Dedan gave Tyrus gifts of **ivory**.

- **Ezekiel 27:15:** "The men of Dedan were thy merchants; many isles were the merchandise of thine hand: they brought thee for a present horns of ivory and ebony."

God said that He was going to smite the **ivory** houses in Israel.

- **Amos 3:15:** "And I will smite the winter house with the summer house; and the houses of ivory shall perish, and the great houses shall have an end, saith the LORD."

In ancient times the people of Zion had beds of **ivory**.

- **Amos 6:1, 4:** "Woe to them that are at ease in Zion, and trust in the mountain of Samaria, which are named chief of the nations, to whom the house of Israel came! ... That lie upon beds of ivory, and stretch themselves upon their couches, and eat the lambs out of the flock, and the calves out of the midst of the stall;"

During the tribulation, merchants will sell **ivory** vessels.

- **Revelation 18:12:** "The merchandise of gold, and silver, and precious stones, and of pearls, and fine linen, and purple, and silk, and scarlet, and all thyine wood, and all manner vessels of ivory, and all manner vessels of most precious wood, and of brass, and iron, and marble,"

JASPER

The third stone in the fourth row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **jasper** stone.

- **Exodus 28:20:** "And the fourth row a beryl, and an onyx, and a jasper: they shall be set in gold in their inclosings."
- **Exodus 39:13:** "And the fourth row, a beryl, an onyx, and a jasper: they were inclosed in ouches of gold in their inclosings."

The king of Tyrus wore **jasper** stones. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

The being who's on the throne in Heaven (God the Father) looks like a **jasper** and sardine stone.

- **Revelation 4:2-3:** "And immediately I was in the spirit: and, behold, a throne was set in heaven, and one sat on the throne. And he that sat was to look upon like a jasper and a sardine stone: and there was a rainbow round about the throne, in sight like unto an emerald."

The light that comes from the New Jerusalem is compared to a **jasper** stone.

- **Revelation 21:11:** "Having the glory of God: and her light was like unto a stone most precious, even like a jasper stone, clear as crystal;"

The walls of the New Jerusalem are compared to **jasper**.

- **Revelation 21:18:** "And the building of the wall of it was of jasper: and the city was pure gold, like unto clear glass."

The first foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **jasper**.

- **Revelation 21:19:** "And the foundations of the wall of the city were garnished with all manner of precious stones. The first foundation was jasper; the second, sapphire; the third, a chalcedony; the fourth, an emerald;"

JEWEL, JEWELRY, JEWELS

When Laban and Bethuel told Abraham's oldest servant that he could take Rebekah so she could be a wife for Isaac, he gave Rebekah **jewels** of silver and gold.

- **Genesis 24:53:** "And the servant brought forth jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment, and gave them to Rebekah: he gave also to her brother and to her mother precious things."

When the Israelites left Egypt, God wanted the women to borrow **jewels** of silver and gold from her neighbors.

- **Exodus 3:22:** "But every woman shall borrow of her neighbour, and of her that sojourneth in her house, jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment: and ye shall put them upon your sons, and upon your daughters; and ye shall spoil the Egyptians."

When the Israelites left Egypt, they looted the country by taking **jewels** of silver and gold from the Egyptians (which the Egyptians willingly gave to them).

- **Exodus 11:2-3:** "Speak now in the ears of the people, and let every man borrow of his neighbour, and every woman of her neighbour, jewels of silver and jewels of gold."

The reason the Egyptians were willing to give their **jewelry** to the Israelites was because God caused the Egyptians to favor the Israelites.

- **Exodus 11:3:** "And the LORD gave the people favour in

the sight of the Egyptians. Moreover the man Moses was very great in the land of Egypt, in the sight of Pharaoh's servants, and in the sight of the people."

When the Israelites left Egypt, they did as Moses commanded and borrowed **jewels** of silver and gold from the Egyptians.

- **Exodus 12:35:** "And the children of Israel did according to the word of Moses; and they borrowed of the Egyptians jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment:"

When the Israelites gave toward the offering that was collected to build the tabernacle, they brought **jewels** of gold.

- **Exodus 35:22:** "And they came, both men and women, as many as were willing hearted, and brought bracelets, and earrings, and rings, and tablets, all jewels of gold: and every man that offered offered an offering of gold unto the LORD."

When the officers of the army that fought against the Midianites saw that none of their soldiers had died, they brought **jewels** of gold to the Lord as an offering.

- **Numbers 31:49-50:** "And they said unto Moses, Thy servants have taken the sum of the men of war which are under our charge, and there lacketh not one man of us. We have therefore brought an oblation for the LORD, what every man hath gotten, of jewels of gold, chains, and bracelets, rings, earrings, and tablets, to make an atonement for our souls before the LORD."

When the Philistines returned the Ark of the Covenant to Israel, **jewels** of gold were to be put in a chest in the cart as a trespass offering. (This is a reference to the five golden emerods and the five golden mice.)

- **1 Samuel 6:8:** "And take the ark of the LORD, and lay it upon the cart; and put the jewels of gold, which ye return him for a trespass offering, in a coffer by the side thereof; and send it away, that it may go."

When the Philistines returned the Ark of the Covenant to Israel, the Levites put both the Ark and the chest with the golden **jewels** upon the great stone that was in the field of Joshua the Bethshemite.

- **1 Samuel 6:15:** "And the Levites took down the ark of the LORD, and the coffer that was with it, wherein the jewels of gold were, and put them on the great stone: and the men of Bethshemesh offered burnt offerings and sacrificed sacrifices the same day unto the LORD."

When Jehoshaphat and the people of Judah came to take away the spoil, they found an abundance of precious **jewels** among the dead bodies of the armies that came against them.

- **2 Chronicles 20:25:** "And when Jehoshaphat and his people came to take away the spoil of them, they found among them in abundance both riches with the dead bodies, and precious jewels, which they stripped off for themselves, more than they could carry away: and they were three days in gathering of the spoil, it was so much."

Hezekiah made treasuries for himself to store his collection of

pleasant **jewels**. (In other words, he was very wealthy.)

- **2 Chronicles 32:27:** "And Hezekiah had exceeding much riches and honour: and he made himself treasuries for silver, and for gold, and for precious stones, and for spices, and for shields, and for all manner of pleasant jewels;"

Job said that the wisdom which comes from God is worth more than **jewels** of fine gold (because no amount of gold can purchase it).

- **Job 28:17, 20:** "The gold and the crystal cannot equal it: and the exchange of it shall not be for jewels of fine gold. ... Whence then cometh wisdom? and where is the place of understanding?"

Solomon compared a beautiful woman who has no discretion to a **jewel** in the nose of a pig.

- **Proverbs 11:22:** "As a jewel of gold in a swine's snout, so is a fair woman which is without discretion."

Solomon's beloved had rows of **jewels** upon her cheeks.

- **Song of Solomon 1:10:** "Thy cheeks are comely with rows of jewels, thy neck with chains of gold."

The daughters of Jerusalem said that they were going to make **jewelry** for Solomon's beloved.

- **Song of Solomon 1:11:** "We will make thee borders of gold with studs of silver."

Solomon compared the joints of his beloved's thighs to **jewels**.

- **Song of Solomon 7:1:** "How beautiful are thy feet with shoes, O prince's daughter! the joints of thy thighs are like jewels, the work of the hands of a cunning workman."

In the days of Isaiah, the **jewelry** that was worn by Jewish women made them brave (which increased their wickedness).

- **Isaiah 3:18:** "In that day the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornaments about their feet, and their cauls, and their round tires like the moon,"

When God punished Judah, He was going to take the **jewels** away from their women.

- **Isaiah 3:18, 21:** "In that day the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornaments about their feet, and their cauls, and their round tires like the moon, ... The rings, and nose jewels,"

It's not wrong for a bride to wear **jewels**.

- **Isaiah 61:10:** "I will greatly rejoice in the LORD, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for he hath clothed me with the garments of salvation, he hath covered me with the robe of righteousness, as a bridegroom decketh himself with ornaments, and as a bride adorneth herself with her jewels."

God compared Israel to a woman that He gave **jewelry** to. (In

other words, Israel's beauty and wealth came from God.)

- **Ezekiel 16:11-12:** "I decked thee also with ornaments, and I put bracelets upon thy hands, and a chain on thy neck. And I put a jewel on thy forehead, and earrings in thine ears, and a beautiful crown upon thine head."

Israel took the **jewels** that God gave her and turned them into idols (which the people worshiped).

- **Ezekiel 16:17:** "Thou hast also taken thy fair jewels of my gold and of my silver, which I had given thee, and madest to thyself images of men, and didst commit whoredom with them,"

God said the enemies of the Jews were going to take their **jewels** away and leave the Jews with nothing.

- **Ezekiel 16:39:** "And I will also give thee into their hand, and they shall throw down thine eminent place, and shall break down thy high places: they shall strip thee also of thy clothes, and shall take thy fair jewels, and leave thee naked and bare."
- **Ezekiel 23:26:** "They shall also strip thee out of thy clothes, and take away thy fair jewels."

God said that in the day when He makes His **jewels**, those who fear Him will belong to Him. (In other words, God will put a difference between the righteous and the wicked.)

- **Malachi 3:17:** "And they shall be mine, saith the LORD of hosts, in that day when I make up my jewels; and I will spare them, as a man spareth his own son that serveth

him."

Women should seek after inward beauty, not outward beauty that comes from clothing and **jewelry**. (Good works are far more valuable in God's sight than jewelry.)

- **1 Timothy 2:9-10:** "In like manner also, that women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness and sobriety; not with broided hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array; But (which becometh women professing godliness) with good works."

LIGURE

The first stone in the third row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **ligure** stone.

- **Exodus 28:19:** "And the third row a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst."
- **Exodus 39:12:** "And the third row, a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst."

ONYX

Before the great Flood, the land of Havilah contained **onyx** stone.

- **Genesis 2:11-12:** "The name of the first is Pison: that is it which compasseth the whole land of Havilah, where there is gold; And the gold of that land is good: there is bdellium and the onyx stone."

God commanded the Israelites to bring **onyx** stones so they could be placed in the priestly breastplate.

- **Exodus 25:7:** "Onyx stones, and stones to be set in the ephod, and in the breastplate."

The two **onyx** stones were to have engraved on them the names of the tribes of Israel.

- **Exodus 28:9:** "And thou shalt take two onyx stones, and grave on them the names of the children of Israel:"

God commanded that the names of six of the tribes of Israel were to be engraved on the first **onyx** stone, and the names of the other six tribes were on the second stone.

- **Exodus 28:10:** "Six of their names on one stone, and the other six names of the rest on the other stone, according to their birth."

God said that the names of the tribes of Israel were to be engraved on two **onyx** stones as one would engrave a signet.

- **Exodus 28:11:** "With the work of an engraver in stone, like the engravings of a signet, shalt thou engrave the two stones with the names of the children of Israel: thou shalt make them to be set in ouches of gold."

The two **onyx** stones were to be set in settings of gold.

- **Exodus 28:11:** "With the work of an engraver in stone, like the engravings of a signet, shalt thou engrave the two stones with the names of the children of Israel: thou shalt make them to be set in ouches of gold."

When Aaron wore the priestly ephod with the two **onyx** stones, he would be bearing the names of the tribes of Israel before the Lord.

- **Exodus 28:12:** "And thou shalt put the two stones upon the shoulders of the ephod for stones of memorial unto the children of Israel: and Aaron shall bear their names before the LORD upon his two shoulders for a memorial."

The two **onyx** stones were to be put on the shoulders of the priestly ephod.

- **Exodus 28:12:** "And thou shalt put the two stones upon the shoulders of the ephod for stones of memorial unto the children of Israel: and Aaron shall bear their names before the LORD upon his two shoulders for a memorial."
- **Exodus 39:7:** "And he put them on the shoulders of the ephod, that they should be stones for a memorial to the children of Israel; as the LORD commanded Moses."

The two **onyx** stones served as a memorial for the tribes of Israel.

- **Exodus 28:12:** "And thou shalt put the two stones upon the shoulders of the ephod for stones of memorial unto the children of Israel: and Aaron shall bear their names before the LORD upon his two shoulders for a memorial."
- **Exodus 39:7:** "And he put them on the shoulders of the ephod, that they should be stones for a memorial to the children of Israel; as the LORD commanded Moses."

The second stone in the fourth row of stones on the priestly breastplate was an **onyx** stone.

- **Exodus 28:20:** "And the fourth row a beryl, and an onyx, and a jasper: they shall be set in gold in their inclosings."
- **Exodus 39:13:** "And the fourth row, a beryl, an onyx, and a jasper: they were inclosed in ouches of gold in their inclosings."

The offering that God commanded the Israelites to bring was to include **onyx** stones.

- **Exodus 35:9:** "And onyx stones, and stones to be set for the ephod, and for the breastplate."

When the Israelites gave toward the offering that was collected to build the tabernacle, the rulers brought **onyx** stones.

- **Exodus 35:27:** "And the rulers brought onyx stones, and stones to be set, for the ephod, and for the breastplate;"

The craftsmen engraved the names of the tribes of Israel upon the **onyx** stones.

- **Exodus 39:6:** "And they wrought onyx stones inclosed in ouches of gold, graven, as signets are graven, with the names of the children of Israel."

The craftsmen put the **onyx** stones of the priestly ephod into clasps of gold.

- **Exodus 39:6:** "And they wrought onyx stones inclosed in ouches of gold, graven, as signets are graven, with the names of the children of Israel."

Bezaleel put the two **onyx** stones (which had the names of the tribes of Israel engraved upon them) on the shoulders of the priestly ephod.

- **Exodus 39:7:** "And he put them on the shoulders of the ephod, that they should be stones for a memorial to the children of Israel; as the LORD commanded Moses."

David prepared **onyx** stones for the temple.

- **1 Chronicles 29:2:** "Now I have prepared with all my might for the house of my God the gold for things to be made of gold, and the silver for things of silver, and the brass for things of brass, the iron for things of iron, and wood for things of wood; onyx stones, and stones to be set, glistening stones, and of divers colours, and all manner of precious stones, and marble stones in abundance."

Job said that the wisdom which comes from God is worth more than **onyx** stones (because no amount of onyx can purchase it).

- **Job 28:16, 20:** "It cannot be valued with the gold of Ophir, with the precious onyx, or the sapphire. ... Whence then cometh wisdom? and where is the place of understanding?"

The king of Tyrus wore **onyx** stones. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

PEARL, PEARLS

Job said that the wisdom that comes from God is worth more than **pearls** (because no amount of pearls can purchase it).

- **Job 28:18, 20:** "No mention shall be made of coral, or of pearls: for the price of wisdom is above rubies. ... Whence then cometh wisdom? and where is the place of understanding?"

Swine have no respect for **pearls**. If they're given pearls they'll trample them under foot and then injure the person who gave them the pearls. (The point Jesus was making is that we shouldn't give holy things to wicked and unholy people.)

- **Matthew 7:6:** "Give not that which is holy unto the dogs, neither cast ye your pearls before swine, lest they trample them under their feet, and turn again and rend you."

In the parable of the **pearl** of great price, a merchant was looking for good pearls.

- **Matthew 13:45:** "Again, the kingdom of heaven is like unto a merchant man, seeking goodly pearls:"

In order to obtain the **pearl** of great price, the merchant sold everything he had and bought it. (The point Jesus was making is that salvation is so valuable that we should be willing to give up everything to obtain it.)

- **Matthew 13:46:** "Who, when he had found one pearl of great price, went and sold all that he had, and bought it."

Women should seek to adorn themselves with good works (which is far more valuable in the sight of God than **pearls**).

- **1 Timothy 2:9-10:** "In like manner also, that women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness and sobriety; not with broided hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array; But (which becometh women professing godliness) with good works."

In John's vision, the woman who rode the beast was wearing **pearls**. (The woman seems to be symbolic of the false religion that will exist during the tribulation era.)

- **Revelation 17:3-4:** "So he carried me away in the spirit into the wilderness: and I saw a woman sit upon a scarlet coloured beast, full of names of blasphemy, having seven heads and ten horns. And the woman was arrayed in purple and scarlet colour, and decked with gold and precious stones and pearls, having a golden cup in her hand full of abominations and filthiness of her fornication:"

During the tribulation, merchants will sell **pearls**.

- **Revelation 18:12:** "The merchandise of gold, and silver, and precious stones, and of pearls, and fine linen, and purple, and silk, and scarlet, and all thyine wood, and all manner vessels of ivory, and all manner vessels of most precious wood, and of brass, and iron, and marble,"

During the tribulation era, the city of Babylon will be decked with **pearls**.

- **Revelation 18:16:** "And saying, Alas, alas that great city, that was clothed in fine linen, and purple, and scarlet, and decked with gold, and precious stones, and pearls!"

Each of the twelve gates of the New Jerusalem are made of a single **pearl**.

- **Revelation 21:21:** "And the twelve gates were twelve pearls: every several gate was of one pearl: and the street of the city was pure gold, as it were transparent glass."

RUBIES

Job said the hidden wisdom of God can't be obtained in exchange for **rubies**.

- **Job 28:18:** "No mention shall be made of coral, or of pearls: for the price of wisdom is above rubies."

Wisdom is more precious than **rubies**.

- **Proverbs 3:13, 15:** "Happy is the man that findeth wisdom, and the man that getteth understanding. ... She is more precious than rubies; and all the things thou canst desire are not to be compared unto her."
- **Proverbs 8:11:** "For wisdom is better than rubies; and all the things that may be desired are not to be compared to it."

Words of knowledge are more precious than **rubies**.

- **Proverbs 20:15:** "There is gold, and a multitude of rubies: but the lips of knowledge are a precious jewel."

Virtuous women are more valuable than **rubies**.

- **Proverbs 31:10:** "Who can find a virtuous woman? for her price is far above rubies."

SAPPHIRE, SAPPHIRES

When God appeared at the top of the mountain in Sinai, under His feet was a paved work of **sapphire** stone.

- **Exodus 24:10:** "And they saw the God of Israel: and there was under his feet as it were a paved work of a sapphire stone, and as it were the body of heaven in his clearness."

The second stone in the second row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **sapphire** stone.

- **Exodus 28:18:** "And the second row shall be an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond."
- **Exodus 39:11:** "And the second row, an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond."

Job said the wisdom that comes from God is worth more than **sapphires** (because no amount of sapphires can purchase it).

- **Job 28:16, 20:** "It cannot be valued with the gold of Ophir, with the precious onyx, or the sapphire. ... Whence then cometh wisdom? and where is the place of understanding?"

Solomon's beloved compared his belly to bright ivory that was overlaid with **sapphires**.

- **Song of Solomon 5:14:** "His hands are as gold rings set with the beryl: his belly is as bright ivory overlaid with sapphires."

During the millennium, God will lay in Israel a foundation of **sapphires**.

- **Isaiah 54:11:** "O thou afflicted, tossed with tempest, and not comforted, behold, I will lay thy stones with fair colours, and lay thy foundations with sapphires."

The throne that Ezekiel saw looked like a **sapphire** stone.

- **Ezekiel 1:26:** "And above the firmament that was over their heads was the likeness of a throne, as the appearance of a sapphire stone: and upon the likeness of the throne was the likeness as the appearance of a man above upon it."
- **Ezekiel 10:1:** "Then I looked, and, behold, in the firmament that was above the head of the cherubims there appeared over them as it were a sapphire stone, as the appearance of the likeness of a throne."

The king of Tyrus wore **sapphire** stones. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

The second foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **sapphire**.

- **Revelation 21:19:** "And the foundations of the wall of the

city were garnished with all manner of precious stones. The first foundation was jasper; the second, sapphire; the third, a chalcedony; the fourth, an emerald;"

SARDINE

The being who is on the throne in Heaven (God the Father) looks like a jasper and a **sardine** stone.

- **Revelation 4:2-3:** "And immediately I was in the spirit: and, behold, a throne was set in heaven, and one sat on the throne. And he that sat was to look upon like a jasper and a sardine stone: and there was a rainbow round about the throne, in sight like unto an emerald."

SARDONYX

The fifth foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **sardonyx**.

- **Revelation 21:20:** "The fifth, sardonyx; the sixth, sardius; the seventh, chrysolyte; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst."

TOPAZ

The second stone in the first row of stones on the priestly breastplate was a **topaz**.

- **Exodus 28:17:** "And thou shalt set in it settings of stones, even four rows of stones: the first row shall be a sardius, a topaz, and a carbuncle: this shall be the first row."
- **Exodus 39:10:** "And they set in it four rows of stones: the first row was a sardius, a topaz, and a carbuncle: this was the first row."

Job said that the wisdom that comes from God is worth more than a **topaz** (because no topaz can purchase it).

- **Job 28:19-20:** "The topaz of Ethiopia shall not equal it, neither shall it be valued with pure gold. Whence then cometh wisdom? and where is the place of understanding?"

The king of Tyrus wore **topaz** stones. (This seems to be a reference to the devil.)

- **Ezekiel 28:13:** "Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God; every precious stone was thy covering, the sardius, topaz, and the diamond, the beryl, the onyx, and the jasper, the sapphire, the emerald, and the carbuncle, and gold: the workmanship of thy tabrets and of thy pipes was prepared in thee in the day that thou wast created."

The ninth foundation of the wall of the New Jerusalem is **topaz**.

- **Revelation 21:20:** "The fifth, sardonyx; the sixth, sardius; the seventh, chrysolyte; the eighth, beryl; the ninth, a topaz; the tenth, a chrysoprasus; the eleventh, a jacinth; the twelfth, an amethyst."